MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

T C I

Texas Correctional Industry

A division of the Texas Department of Criminal Justice

Date Issued: January 2008

Supersedes: January 2006

NFPA HAZARD RATING 4- SEVERE 3- SERIOUS 2- MODERATE 1- SLIGHT

Specific Hazard

SECTION 1 - PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name: **DE-DUST**General Use: Mop treating mixture

Manufacturer Name: Texas Correctional Industry

Soap & Detergent Plant

One Circle Drive

Sugar Land, Texas 77478

Emergency Telephone Numbers

0- INSIGNIFICANT

Galveston Texas Poison Control: 1-800-764-7661 Soap & Detergent Plant Lab: 281-490-1111 MSDS available at: www.tci.tdcj.state.tx.us Monday thru Thursday: 7:00 a.m. - 3:00 p.m.

SECTION 2 - HAZARDOUS INGREDIENT

			ACGIH/OSHA (TWA)		
Chemical Component Name	CAS No.	PERCENT	TLV	PEL	WHMIS
Mineral Oil	64742-53-6	87 - 89	5.0 mg/m^3	$5.0~\mathrm{mg/m^3}$	N/D
N,N-Dialkyl N, N-dimethylammonium chloride	68424-95-3	<1	N/D	N/D	N/D
N-Alkyl N, N-dimethyl-N-benzylammonium chloride	68424-85-1	<1	N/D	N/D	N/D
Ethanol	64-17-5	<1	1000 ppm	1000 ppm	0.1%

N/A = Not Applicable N/E = Not Established N/D = Not Determined

WHMIS – minimum amount necessary in a mixture to trigger reporting: 1% (hazardous chemical); 0.1% (extremely hazardous chemical)

SECTION 3 - PHYSICAL PROPERTIES

Vapor Pressure: N/DSpecific Gravity (water = 1): 0.868Solubility in Water: DispersiblepH: N/DBoiling Point: > 200° F

Appearance and Odor : Light yellow liquid with slight petroleum odor

SECTION 4 - FIRE AND HAZARD DATA

Flash Point (T.C.C.) : $\sim 303 \text{ F, } (150 \text{ C})$

Flammable Limit : N/DPhysical Hazard : None

Extinguishing Media : Water, Foam, Dry Chemicals, or Carbon Dioxide

Fire Extinguishing Procedure : Use of approved respiratory equipment and SCBA is recommended.

Fire and Explosive Hazard : Avoid ignition sources

SECTION 5 - REACTIVE DATA

Hazardous Decomposition : Oxides of carbon and nitrogen; toxic vapors of hydrogen chloride and amines

Stability Incompatibility None

SECTION 6 - HEALTH HAZARD

Primary Route of Exposure : Eyes, Skin, and Ingestion

Signs and Symptoms of Over Exposure (acute)

Eyes May cause eye irritation; may cause severe eye damage; avoid contact

Skin May cause redness or rash, drying or defatting; especially prolonged or repeated contact with skin;

avoid contact

Ingestion May cause gastrointestinal irritation; harmful or fatal if swallowed

Inhalation May be irritating to respiratory tract; Use of respiratory equipment is recommended in enclosed areas

or with vapor mist generation; remove from area to fresh air; could enter lungs and cause damage

Signs and Symptoms of Over Exposure (chronic) N/D Medical condition aggravated by over exposure N/D Carcinogen or suspect of carcinogen ingredients None

SECTION 7 - EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURE

: Flush with plenty of water for at least 15 min. If irritation persists, get medical attention. Eyes

Skin Flush with large amount of water.

Rinse mouth thoroughly and drink 3 – 4 glasses of milk or water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed by Ingestion

physician; seek medical attention immediately

: Not likely; do not breath vapor mist; provide oxygen if individual labors to breath Inhalation

SECTION 8 - SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION

Respiratory Protection None required with normal use

Ventilation Requirement Local exhaust; Maintain adequate ventilation

Protective Gloves Rubber, neoprene, or nitrile Eye Protection Safety glasses or chemical goggles

SECTION 9 - SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES

Steps to be taken if released or spilled Gather all materials practical for salvage or disposal. Rinse residue with water.

Waste disposal method Any unsalvageable material must be disposed in compliance with local, state, and

federal laws and regulations.

SECTION 10 - STORAGE AND HANDLING

Store within the original container in a dry cool ventilated area. Store from direct sunlight. Do not store with food or drinks. Apply local regulations to storage. Containers should remain sealed and closed when not in use. Store in labeled containers only.

Prohibit eating, drinking, or smoking in storage areas. End user should always wash hands after handling this chemical, especially before eating, drinking, or smoking. Empty containers will retain product chemical residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse containers. Avoid breathing vapor or mist.